

THE POST-DEMOCRAT

VOLUME X—Number 29

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IMPETUS GIVEN WATER WORKS PURCHASE PLAN

FOREIGN TRADE DECLINE NOTED IN LATE REPORT

Decline in American Foreign Trade
Reaches \$1,097,794, 575 So
Far This Year

Washington, Aug. 29.—American foreign trade continues to decline at the rate of over two billion dollars a year, according to the figures just made public by the Department of Commerce, for the six months ending June 30 last.

The falling off in exports for the last six months was \$547,149,277 and the decline in imports was \$550,645, 298, a total decrease in American foreign trade of \$1,097,794, 575, as compared with the same period of 1929.

For the month of June there was a decrease in exports of \$95,089, 224 and of imports \$103,315,471, as compared with June 1929.

Our trade with Canada, which country continues to be our best customer shows that American exports to the Dominion for June dropped from \$80,483,894 to \$59, 715,288 to \$36,503,217, a drop of \$7, 812,071, as compared with June 1929.

For South America, usually regarded as one of the best markets for trade expansion, exports for June declined \$22,050,316 and imports dropped \$15,195,987, compared with the corresponding month last year, with the heaviest declines in purchases from this country by Argentina and Brazil.

Australia and Italy also show relatively heavy declines in purchases from America.

The one country that makes a favorable showing on American trade is Soviet Russia, to which country exports from America increased a million and a quarter dollars for June while for the six months period they increased \$42, 357,354, with imports only slightly changed.

While some of the decline in American foreign trade is attributed to decline in commodity values, following the collapse of the inflated Goodwill-McCoy-Hoover stock market, it is also attributed in part to the growing tariff barriers in foreign countries and the resentment against the Grundy tariff.

In response to President Hoover's belated plea to cut expenditures after the appropriations requested by him have been made, Naval officials are reported to be considering a plan to save on fuel, and to restrict target practice. Why not restrict the target practice of Senator Fess, Leader Watson and the Cabinet broadcasters? They are not hitting anything.

Former Head of Agricultural Economics Criticizes Administration Policies

Washington, August.—Dr. H. C. Taylor, former head of the Federal Bureau of Agricultural Economics, speaking at the Institute of Public Affairs held at the University of Virginia, recalled an almost forgotten statute—the Sherman Anti-Trust Act—as applicable to a solution of some present day problems.

The Sherman Anti-Trust Act, it is recalled, penalizes all activities in restraint of trade, and he asserts that certain activities of the Department of Commerce, of which that department is rather boastful, are at variance with the Anti-Trust statute.

The agricultural situation, he said results from the placid acceptance of the false philosophy that "if business prospers all will prosper." Thus he said, the Department of Commerce has actually gone out of its way to promote trade organizations limiting price-slashing competition within trades as "bad business." The farmers, unorganized and probably unorganizable, have gone down in the face of organized industry which dictates the prices they shall pay while the prices they receive are regulated by the law of supply and demand.

"If those laws which relate to competition and price were administered in an effective manner," he continued, "and certain special privilege legislation repealed, little more could be asked by American farmers."

"This new regime of limited competition has not only come into existence without Congressional provision or sanction, but unknown to the rank and file of the people."

"When the Chairman of the Farm Board indicated the desirability of a 25 per cent cut in wheat production in the United States as a means of making the tariff on wheat effective and thus advancing the price, he was speaking in harmony with the policy which is generally promulgated by the administration, but which has no possible chance for success in agriculture under the present law."

Dr. Taylor proposed four measures for agricultural relief:

1. Restore competitive prices in

the so-called competitive industries by making the Sherman Anti-Trust law effective.

2. Revivify the Federal Trade Commission.

3. Suspend that part of the work of the Department of Commerce which promotes the organization of manufacturing and trade groups for the more effective limitation of competition.

4. Fix reasonable prices in fields where monopolistic control is inevitable by making public utility commissions effective in establishing fair rates on a basis equally fair to stockholders and consuming public.

The Legg-Hyde Combination, which is still barnstorming around the country in behalf of reduced acreage to eliminate the surplus of wheat is rapidly accumulating a surplus of bricks.

Five Million Unemployed, Says Prof. Persons, Who Exposes Juggling of Census Figures

Washington, Aug.—Prof. Charles E. Persons, who has taught at Wellesley, Princeton and Northwestern, and was brought to Washington last November as an expert on the compilation of the census, but quit in disgust because of the methods used in classifying the unemployed, exposes those methods by which Secretary Lamont arrived at his estimate of 2,000,000 unemployed. Prof. Persons contends the number should have been nearer 5,000,000.

He says that Mr. Lamont had in mind the jobless and not the unemployed. "The Bureau estimate of 2,000,000, or nine, 2,576,700, were deducted from picked areas where there are no large industrial centers and are not representative," he said.

By correcting calculations and classifications to get the correct percentages of population in the various states reported and to include those out of work with the jobless he finds that "the sole dependable conclusion available from our census of unemployment to date is that it indicates a total of 2,576,700 jobless were earned which may be in the neighborhood of half the gainful workers unemployed in April. It is a reasonable estimate on the basis of the detailed data released that we had over five million unemployed at that time."

Referred to Secretary Lamont:—There was a decrease in the number of railway employees in June of 9.9 per cent compared with June, 1929, according to the Interstate Commerce Commission, and about 8,000 men less than in April this year.

Tardy Discovery of the Leading Issue

Washington, Aug.—On the 11th of this month the daily press carried a statement by Senator Fess, the new Chairman of the Republican National Committee and featured it in headlines. The purpose of which was "Fess Challenges the Democrats to Make the Tariff the Leading Issue."

On the following day they carried a statement by Representative David H. Kincheloe (Dem. Ky.) in which the following paragraph appeared:

"Last June on the day the conference report on the tariff bill was adopted by the two Houses of Congress, Chairman Shouse, of the Democratic National Executive Committee, in a review of the procedure by which the measure had been jockeyed into law, concluded with this sentence: 'The Grundy bill is thus made the issue of the coming Congressional campaign.'"

Thus, it would appear that Chairman Fess's challenge was accepted two months before it was issued.

Certainly no man can lead the thought of the country who isn't both willing and able to lead the thought of his party—Jonett Shouse.

The Hay Tariff and the "Almost Sad" Case of Mr. Garber

Washington, Aug.—The Baltimore Sun calls attention to the "almost sad" case of Representative J. A. Garber, Republican, running for re-election in the Seventh Virginia District, whose job is to convince his Shenandoah Valley constituents that the Smoot-Hawley tariff is a fine thing.

"With most of the apple growers in his district convinced that the principal result of the measure for them is a British embargo on their products, the task would have been difficult enough in any event," says The Sun. "But then up bobs the tariff on hay, thanks to the valley drought, which forces the valley

(Continued on Page Two)

COUNCILMAN BLEASE DIDN'T ALTER TAX LEVIES ORDINANCE, HE SAYS

Upon his return after a vacation Councilman Blease, third member of the council finance committee, declared he didn't alter the tax levies ordinance that had been tampered with to include an additional paragraph fixing a ten cent levy for redeeming the \$60,000 certificates of indebtedness issued to the paving trust by the Hampton board of works.

Discovery of the altering of the tax levies ordinance came at the recent council session. The ordinance since its introduction in the council on August 4 had been in possession of the city clerk and later the council finance committee.

City Clerk Linton Ridgeway declared that the ordinance as introduced was turned over to the finance committee together with the budget ordinance and that he did not see it again until its return the night of the August 4th council session.

Earl Everett, chairman of the council finance committee, publicly declared at the council session that he did not touch the ordinance in any way. Councilman Robert Tumelson, another member of the finance committee, likewise avowed any changing of the ordinance by him. At the council session Councilman Blease, the other member of the committee was absent on vacation.

Councilman Hubert L. Parkinson, president of the council, who as ex-officio member of committees sat with the finance committee while the tax levies and budget was being considered by that committee, was out of the city on vacation last council session night, and his return is awaited with much interest.

It will be recalled that Parkinson was the instigator of the move to place the 10 cent increase in the tax levy to take care of the sixty grand of certificates of indebtedness given contractors of the paving trust—Birch Company and Curtis & Gubbins—for street intersections paving last year after the appropriation of \$30,000 for such intersections had been exhausted in the orgy of paving which resulted in nearly \$1,000,000 of contracts completed and let in 1929 by the Hampton board of working the public—otherwise the board of public works.

Some doubt was raised as to the validity of these 60,000 bucks and this year's budget and tax rate did not include any provision for the sum. President Parkinson presented the plea for the additional ten cent tax raise to pay off the certificates, but it was rejected by the finance committee.

Examination of the altered ordinance revealed the fact that the perpetrator of the act had went so far as to go to the office of Carey Taughinbaugh, city attorney, and swipe paper used by him in drafting ordinances and

Regardless of the rejection and absence of the additional levy in the tax levies ordinance, the ordinance was altered to include the item. In the altering, the perpetrator of the deed, took the ordinance which had been introduced, ripped it from the cover, inserted the first page and then recopied the second and third pages to include the additional paragraph 7A.

Such a bold attempt to tamper with the ordinance brought a challenge from Mayor Dale that the matter would be thoroughly investigated to see if such an offense could be perpetrated without serious trouble to the person who would alter the ordinance.

In effort to hide any tampering the rewritten second and third pages together with the first page of the original ordinance were reinserted in the cover used on the ordinance when introduced. Fastenings on the altered ordinance were not like the ones used on the original ordinance and the holes made by the original fastenings were plainly discernable.

This attempt to alter the ordinance drew considerable mention at the last council session and Mayor Dale is a investigation of the matter.

asked for \$230,000 he succeeded in getting \$180,000.

Even when the appropriation was passed and the money available there was considerable nervousness on the part of a few of the best minds that Albert would get huffy, and tell Muncie to take a jump into White River, for if the city wasn't going to donate any land—which it couldn't legally do—then how could the citizens expect him to take off his shirt and put the addition over.

By the grace of the limestone boys and the great chief architect of the Treasury Department, the \$180,000, we knew wouldn't lay idle in Washington any longer than the law required, so there was never any doubt in our mind but that the \$180,000 would be spent to add to and remodel the postoffice. So it has turned out, much to the displeasure of the Muncie best minds would feared Albert's temperamental splurges might give the KO to the addition.

Daily newspapers and these best minds have been filled from time to time with grave concern and stood in awe in the shadow of the requests of Albert, but they won't have to quake anymore, for Albert has spoken. Having spoken, Albert's words move on and the postoffice addition is to be a reality.

Of course, as the daily newspaper view it, we are getting the addition, but even at that by not getting the 60 inches of sod, the addition wouldn't be quite like what the chief architect of Andy Mellon's counting department wanted for Muncie, but it was a step forward, at last.

These daily's are a caution for after all they have falsely insinuated they finally have to acknowledge that postoffice is to be built on the ground already owned and the citizens of Muncie don't have to put up a \$25,000 or \$30,000 bonus to acquire the Federal Park and give it to the government, when the Treasury department buys ground for sites and additions to the postoffice building throughout the country.

There were no strings to the appropriation of \$180,000 and if the chief architect and the limestone boys had found it really necessary to buy the additional footage they would promptly have negotiated the transaction, but when the chief architect looked over his plans he found that there was sufficient land already and the matter closed.

We said that the postoffice addition would be built and built on the land already owned by the postoffice department and that Vestal's five feet myth was but a stall. Now it develops that by the announcement of the Anderson chisler the addition will be built on the ground already owned and no additional land is to be required.

Now we could laud right out loud, "we told you so," but modesty forbids. There always was plenty of ground for the addition and Vestal only created the five feet myth to evade going to bat for Muncie. We sensed Vestal's gag, for twice before just before a primary he handed out the same kind of bait and after he had been nominated promptly went back to Washington and forgot it.

He planned to do the same thing this time, but when he tied into the five foot additional land when they already had fifty-five feet available it sounded too much like a plain old, stall and dodge and so the mayor went right back rough shod on the gentleman from Anderson and as a result Vestal was crowded into getting the appropriation. With his hand called, he had to make good and although he

Successful and Profitable Operation Of Municipally Owned Utilities Reviewed by Council Committee Studying Proposal For Acquiring Muncie Water Company Plant and Distributing System Out of Its Own Earnings Without One Cent Cost To The Citizen—Plan Widely Used in Financing Utility Purchases by Cities and Towns

On the front page of Wednesday's Star was a despatch from Washington, Ind., to the effect that because of profits from utilities owned and operated by that municipality it was possible to cut the tax rate of that city from \$1.12 to 49 cents for next year.

This vivid example of the benefits to a city derived from the ownership and operation of the utilities by the city gave much impetus to the proposal here for the city to purchase the Muncie Water Company plant and distributing system out of its own earnings.

Mayor Dale made the purchase proposal one of the principal planks of his platform and several weeks ago in a message to the city council urged that steps be taken by that body to fulfill that campaign plant. The council directed Carey A. Taughinbaugh, city attorney, to prepare a report outlining the steps necessary for the purchase and he has submitted the report.

Councilman Clifford V. Smith, chairman of the council utilities committee, and Councilman Harry A. Kleinfelder, member of the committee, have been studying the report and upon return of Councilman August Maick, third member, from his vacation, the committee expects to submit its report to the council within the next few weeks.

Other cities besides Washington, Ind., are finding that the profits from municipally owned and operated utilities help the general fund of the city and permit reduction in tax rates. In addition the service rates in cities having municipally owned and operated utilities are generally lower than in a city where the water service is by a privately owned plant.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE OPEN THIS SATURDAY NOON

Controller Lester E. Holloway, who is ex-officio city treasurer, but the last session of the state legislature shifted the handling of Barrett assessments to the city controller.

This shift naturally caused some confusion and it is thought that a number of persons permitted their assessments to become delinquent owing to this change. It is expected these property owners will act today and for them the controller's office is to remain open all afternoon, instead of closing at noon.

Controller Holloway believes that by keeping the office open a great number of persons who might let their property go to sale will avail themselves of the opportunity to adjust the situation and save any penalties if they waited until after the sale and then redeemed the property.

Previously such assessments were handled by the county treasurer.

Late Telegraph Flashes

numbering several hundred had registered early this morning. Business sessions occupied the attention of the visitors today and a tour of the city was planned as part of the program.

Former Prohi Officers Drunk

Kokomo, Ind., Aug. 28.—(UP)—Herman Finch, former Federal prohibition agent, and Ora Butler, under federal sentence for conspiracy, were reported today to have been arrested at Muncie last night on charges of intoxication. Police left for Muncie today to check up on the report. Both men are from Kokomo.

Investigate Fatal Auto Crash

Indianapolis, Aug. 28.—(UP)—An investigation was started today into the accident last night that took the life of Stanley Rowland, 23, and resulted in injuries to Gene Rowland, 20, and Betty Huffman, 20.

The three were traveling about 40 miles an hour in a roadster when Rowland failed to see a sharp turn in the road and sent the car hurtling down a steep embankment into White river. Stanley was hurled from the car, his head striking a fence post. The other two were rescued from the wreckage.

Fell Off of Truck; Will Die

Madison, Ind., Aug. 28.—(UP)—Robert Bolton, 10, received fatal injuries yesterday when he fell from a truck driven by his father.

Moose Meeting at Huntington

Huntington, Ind., Aug. 28.—(UP)—The eighth annual meeting of the state department of the Loyal Order of Moose opened in Huntington today to continue through Saturday.

National officers and delegates

THE POST-DEMOCRAT

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CHARLES H. DALE, Publisher.
Geo. R. Dale, Editor.

Muncie, Indiana, Friday, August 29, 1930

Democratic State Ticket

Judge Supreme Court, First District
Walter E. Treanor, Bloomington

Judge Supreme Court, Fourth District
Curtis W. Roll, Kokomo

Judge Appellate Court, First District
Posey T. Kime, Evansville
William H. Bridwell, Sullivan

Judge Appellate Court, Second District
Alphonse C. Wood, Angola
Harvey J. Curtis, Gary

Superintendent of Public Instruction
George C. Cole, Lawrenceburg

Secretary of State

Frank Mayr Jr., South Bend

Auditor of State

Floyd E. Williamson, Indianapolis

Treasurer of State

William Storen, Scottsburg

Clerk of Supreme and Appellate Courts
Fred Pickett, Richmond

Democratic County Ticket

Congressman Eighth Congressional District
Claude C. Ball

Prosecuting Attorney—Tod Whipple

State Representative—Paul Bowden

State Representative—Ithamer M. White

Judge Delaware-Grant Superior Court

J. Walter McClellan

County Clerk—Arthur J. Beckner

County Auditor—Samuel R. Snell

County Treasurer—Thomas E. Weir

County Recorder—Atlee Rinker

Sheriff—Fred W. Puckett

County Coroner—Dr. Clarence G. Rea

County Surveyor—S. Horace Weber

County Assessor—Edward W. Barrett

County Commissioner, First District—Carl D. Moore

County Commissioner, Third District

Arthur M. Wingate

County Councilman, First District—William A. Clark

Center Township Trustee—Frank J. Lafferty

Center Township Advisory Board—John D. Curtis

Center Township Assessor—Leslie Brand

Center Township Justice of Peace—Edward E. Femyer

Center Township Justice of Peace—Ambrose D. Gray

Center Township Constable—John Cox

Township Assessor—Bortor L. Rees

Would He Be Worse

Under-manner of the kolumn kommenter of the tax rate situation in the county and enough.

Instead of the kolumn kommenter should have added that had not the old machine Republican leaders been de-throned it "WOULD HAVE BEEN WORSE."

For had the old Republican machine of Cromer-Billy Williams-Lon Thornburg retained its hold on Muncie by the election of their pet Bob Barnes the tax rate for the city of Muncie instead of being 89 cents would be above the dollar mark.

Firmness of the Dale administration coupled with strictest economy and deferring some needed projects a year enabled the city to retain its 89 cent rate in the face of a situation which would have carried the city rate to over the dollar mark.

Even under the 89 cent rate it will take continued economy and close figuring to give Muncie what the city deserves and rescue it from the unparalleled wave of extravagance which made the 1929 exit of the Hampton administration the most costly in the history of Muncie.

Mayor Dale fought strenuously and successfully against the redemption of the \$60,000 of certificates of indebtedness issued by the Hampton board of works and to have paid them off would have necessitated a 10 cent raise in the tax rate.

We wonder how the kolumn kommenter of the Press would have handled the situation for the readers in trying to explain that for one item alone a ten cent raise in tax rate would have been made this year had the old Republican machine retained its deadly grip on the city.

In these columns before we have reviewed the report of the state board of accounts examiners who pointed out that in 1929 the Hampton city council APPROPRIATED a total of \$84,523.97 more than there were funds available for last year.

Furthermore, the report continues, the Hampton administration ACTUALLY PAID OUT \$51,507.13 CASH, more than there were funds available. In other words, the Hampton administration put out warrants to the tune of \$51,507.13 more than there were funds available to them, and left it to the Dale administration to make good these warrants for which the Hampton administration had no money to cover.

In business this kind of manipulation would soon be discovered and considerable trouble would follow, but the daily newspapers—both Republican—haven't been able to discover the acts or the Hampton Republican machine crowd even to this day. Even if the daily "controlled" newspapers did discover it more than likely it would ask its readers to believe that it was fortunate that the sum was that small and who would even raise their finger against the best minds when only a little over five grand was involved.

Nevertheless the Dale administration was forced to absorb this \$84,523.97 in APPROPRIATIONS IN EXCESS of funds available, and the pre-dated \$51,507.13 of ACTUALLY ISSUED WARRANTS, and a great part of that was done this year. Next year, the remaining vestige of the Hampton administration extravagance will be paid and

then the Dale administration can draw a long breath and proceed with its plans for the city.

When Controller Holloway recommended the continuance of the 89 cent levy for the city he did so after a most thorough and comprehensive study of the city's finances and the needs for the coming year. Several projects which the Dale administration desired to launch this year were deferred because of the deplorable condition of city finances left by the Hampton orgy.

We take opportunity again to say that the citizens of Muncie were more far seeing than the old machine Republican leaders credited them, for they ditched the Cromer-Billy Williams-Lon Thornburg crowd and turned to the present administration to protect them against an increased tax rate.

Led by Mayor Dale the people of Muncie knew that if they retained the old Republican machine via Bob Barnes they would be soaked plenty for taxes in the coming year for the henchmen of Cromer-Billy Williams-Lon Thornburg were so thoroughly imbued with the orgy of extravagance there is no telling what they would have tried if they were in possession of the city government at this time.

And boy! the tax rate would have been plenty this time. It was only by firmness on the part of Mayor Dale and the administration that there was not at least a ten cent raise, but after all the guarding this raise was sneaked into the tax levies ordinance by the most diabolical and boldest tampering every witnessed. Perpetrator of this act illustrates to what ends the political machine will go to serve its end. The altered ordinance was discussed and an investigation of its being tampered with is being conducted by the mayor.

Yes, kolumn kommenter of The Press the tax rate "Could Be Worse" and if the people hadn't turned to the present administration it most certainly "WOULD HAVE BEEN WORSE"

Mann Acting Again

In the emporium of pieces and indignity conducted by J. Frank Mann it is OK for a taxi driver to get drunk on his off hours and drive down Walnut street without losing his drivers' license, regardless of the drunken driver law.

For Mann so ruled in the case of Al Hughes, very recently and permitted the taxi driver to go free on drunken driver charge because if he found Hughes guilty his drivers' license would be taken away and being a taxi driver without a driver's license would be like being up the well known creek.

Mann in court declared that although Hughes was drunk and drove an automobile while in such condition he didn't have the heart to put Hughes among the unemployed due to the drunken driver law didn't exempt taxi drivers who made their living driving motor vehicles.

This logic savors greatly of the diagnosis of the Lester Wright stomach ulcers. For Wright received a suspended sentence in his early liquor case because he pleaded to the judge that he suffered such ailment. Sympathetic justice prevailed for Mann confessed he once had stomach ulcers and Lester had his greatest condolence and he suspended the sentence of the notorious liquor law violator.

We pause to wonder just what logic careened the cranium of Mann as he arrived at the conclusion that Hughes could be freed of the drunken driver charge because of the liability of losing the drivers license and he couldn't taxi shove anymore for a whole year.

We might call Mann's attention that any bootlegger might feel miffed at being stuck after the Hugh decision. For when a bootlegger is stuck and his sentence not suspended then the bootlegger while he is serving his sentence is most certainly detained from his usual vocation.

Might not the bootlegger appeal to Mann that finding him guilty and sentencing him would deprive him from making a living at his chosen profession?

As it turns out, Hughes can go out free of the drunken driver charge and retain his drivers license and get drunk and drive down Walnut street at any hour of the day or night, on or off duty and there is nothing that can be done about it.

And it was only just a few short days ago that the morning missed had such a complementary editorial regarding the firm stand of Mann on the suspension of drivers licenses but evidently Mann didn't get the import.

If Mann had done his duty in the Hughes case he would have put the lad where he belonged and then the chap wouldn't need his drivers license for several months and in addition would have learned a few things about the laws of Indiana. But now Hughes is the living example of the chap who got away with the drunken driving and can laugh at the less fortunate drunken drivers who don't happen to be taxi drivers.

Rounding the Corners

Rounding the corners by the motorists in the business and close in residential sections has been made easier by the work of a special crew sent out by Bill Daniels, street commissioner, to make these improvements.

Bill's crew rounds the corners and then rebuilds them on a gentle slope so that now you don't have to swing half way into the street to negotiate a curve. There have been countless expressions of appreciation reached the ears of the administration because of this work.

While rounding the corners isn't such a big display job, it certainly is one that meets with the enthusiasm of every motorist and truck driver who now can ease around the corner without the fear of jerking off a wheel.

Formerly it was necessary to swing out into the incoming line of traffic, port the helm quickly and jump back into the right side of the street again—a process that was nerve-racking in many instances.

Now the gentle slopes and curve of the rounded corners permit an easy piloting of the machines around the corners even without going into the line of incoming traffic.

The crew rounding the corners rebuild the sloping curb without setting forms and thereby complete about four times as much work in a day as would be possible under the old-time method and this has enabled the crew to cover so much territory in these three summer months.

Rounding the corners is to be continued throughout the city and we are sure that visitors to our city join with the motorists here in expressing appreciation to Bill and his crew for the rounding around town.

FOREIGN TRADE

(Continued From Page One)

farmers to go outside to purchase feed for their stock.

But their buying they find that the tariff on hay, boosted to \$5 a ton by the farm-relief enactment, hits them with full force. There is a surplus crop in Canada, but the farmers must pay the tariff toll to get it in.

As the Sun points out, the Shenandoah farmers can not cash in on the hay tariff when they have a surplus, and "that's where the rub comes for poor Mr. Garber. In years of surplus production the tariff doesn't work. But when there is a shortage it works beautifully against the farmer."

City consumption of hay is now negligible, says The Sun, so even when the tariff works there is no help for the farming group as a whole. It simply boosts the price that they themselves use on the farm.

Along the Northeastern tier of States, near Canada," The Sun continues, "some farmers with surplus hay may be able to charge their farm neighbors more than they would if there were no tariff, but it finds the Shenandoah Valley too remote from Canadian competition to profit by such a possibility."

Mr. Garber's hopeless task would probably arouse the sympathy of The Sun, that paper confesses, "if Mr. Garber had not supported the Smoot-Hawley farm-relief hoax."

Tribute to a Bubbling Fountain: Mr. Fess, chairman of the Republican National Committee, has fled to the Great Lakes for rest and congenial surroundings. For at least ten days we shall miss the wonted refreshment of his speech, but he is a fountain beyond the grasp of drought. He will bubble and spout until Dr. Work is green with envy. We do not envy the disposition of those too numerous Republicans who would like to have that fountain sealed.—New York Times.

American Wheat Growers Market Sacrificed for Grundy Schedules: Washington, August.—The following letter from a prominent banker, who is familiar with agricultural conditions was published in the Amarillo (Texas) News-Globe:

"Perhaps the most significant point brought to our attention during the discussion of the farm bill here yesterday by the party of Mr. Legge and Mr. Hyde was the chart used by Mr. Olson to show the increase in the tariff levied against the importation of wheat by the countries of Europe. The chart disclosed that a very light duty was charged prior to 1930, but that at the present time the import duty charged for the admission of American wheat is almost five times as much. This action has of course been taken by those countries as a reprisal against us for the tariff bill we have recently enacted, and which it is estimated will increase the cost of living of the American people about one billion dollars. The schedules were raised in our recent tariff revision on approximately one thousand articles, chief among which, of course, are those produced by the industrial section of our population. As a consideration for the additional price paid for these commodities, we have, according to Mr. Olson's chart, sacrificed a large part of the market of the American wheat grower for his product."

"The whole situation appears to warrant the conclusion that the American people will be called upon to pay \$500,000,000 to do what both Mr. Legge and Mr. Hyde admit can not be done and to send men of their reputation as emissaries to the wheat growers of the country to advise them, in substance, that in order to make our tariff on industrial commodities effective we have sacrificed our European wheat market, and that the American wheat grower will be obliged to pay for it by a flat reduction of ten per cent in his wheat acreage."

Killed While Blasting Stumps

Logansport, Ind., Aug. 28.—(UP)—Anthony Shorter, 60, Winamac, was killed yesterday while blasting stumps for a ditch excavation.

CAPTAIN SINKS WITH HIS SHIP

Freighter Neches Rams Scow Near New York; Crew is Saved.

New York, Aug. 28.—(UP)—The Clyde Mallory Freighter Neches rammed a scow at the entrance to the Bay early today and sank with the loss of the Captain, but the 25 members of the crew were fished out of the water in one of the harbor's most thrilling night rescues.

The Neches, outward bound for Key West, Tampa, and Mobile, was slipping silently through the narrows shortly after midnight. The night was intensely dark.

As the vessel passed Fort Wadsworth at the entrance to the bay the scow loomed ahead, and before Captain Eber Estes could slow down or swerve, the crash came. A great hole was torn in the starboard bow and the ship began sinking immediately. Officers on the bridge began blowing the whistle furiously to summon aid, and the hands fought to reach the deck.

So swiftly did the vessel sink, however, that some had to escape through portholes and the others, unable to lower lifeboats, had to jump.

Police lunch and two coast guard cutters, playing their searchlights across the water, picked up the survivors as they swam about. Samuel Stalen, first mate, and E. Carey, first engineer, said Captain Estes went down with his ship when a load of pipe rolled and crushed him.

Stalen, slightly injured in diving from the ship, was taken to the Marine hospital, Staten Island. Twenty-one other survivors were taken to the Clyde Liner Mallory at its pier and the remainder to the Stapleton Staten Island, seaman's institute.

Indianapolis Man is Superintendent

The White River U. B. conference opened Wednesday morning at the Riverside church, Muncie, with Bishop H. H. Fouts, in charge. This year's meeting saw the largest number of ministers and lay delegates in several years to be in attendance.

NEW NEWSPRINT CENTER

Alamosa, Colo.—(UP)—Business interests of Alamosa have organized for a determined drive to make Alamosa the center of Colorado's new industry, that of manufacturing newsprint paper. Selection of the site where the paper will be manufactured is understood to lie between Alamosa and Salina.

GREATER MOVIE SEASON OPENS IN MUNCIE SUNDAY

Sunday ushers into Muncie, 1930 Greater Movie Season at both Wysox-Grand and Rivoli Public Theatres, with a gala array of selected screen productions which have been arranged for the opening of the new show season.

The giant combination of Publix Theatres benefits the Muncie situation to such an extent that such attractions as may be seen in the Deluxe Theatres of the metropolitan centers, come to you intact, with the same presentation ideas and big time atmosphere as you find presented in the larger theatres.

This is done with the aid of the latest innovations, such as Magnoscope screen, Bronkoff Effect Apparatus, and other important additions, which are located now within the projection booth of the Publix Rivoli Theatre.

Many new attractions will be booked, just as quickly after re-

MUNCIE'S NEW GREATER MOVIE SEASON

STARTS SUNDAY
NEW SEASON PROGRAMS

Rivoli

Sunday and Monday
NANCY CARROLL
—in—
'DEVIL'S HOLIDAY'

Tues.-Wed.-Thur.
FOUR MARX BROS.
—in—
'Animal Crackers.'

Fri.-Sat.
William Powell
—in—
'For The Defense.'

Wysox Grand

Sun. & Mon.
GINGER ROGERS
—in—
'QUEEN HIGH.'

Tues. & Wed.
ALICE WHITE
—in—
'SHOW GIRL OF HOLLYWOOD'

Thurs.-Fri.-Sat.
ZANE GREY'S
'Last of the Duanes.'

PUBLIX GREATER THEATERS.

lease dates as are possible to see by "The Show Girl of Hollywood" cure. Next week's program at the Rivoli brings Nancy Carroll, in "The Devil's Holiday" "Animal Crackers" with the four Marx brothers and William Powell in "For the Defense" At the Wysox-Grand "Queen High" an attraction that Broadway paid two dollars to see, starts the week's line up, followed

Our Fall Opening

Saturday, August 30

With a most complete line of
Suits, Top Coats and Overcoats
at the same old price,

\$25.00—no more, no less

We also carry a line of
Selz Shoes at \$6.00

Style Mark Hats at \$5.00

Fruit of the Loom Shirts at \$2.00

Give us a call, you will not be disappointed.

Kings Clothing Co.

Walnut and Jackson

Who Pays These Taxes?

IN 1929 the railroads paid \$420,000,000 in taxes all over the United States, the greatest sum ever assessed against them.

It required nearly one-fourth of all the money the railroads were able to earn clear to pay this tax bill. It represented an increase of 1,220 per cent over a period of a generation. The rate of increase was thirteen times greater than the increase in population. Twice greater than the increase in the national income. Six times greater than the increase in property investment of the railroads. Three times greater than the growth of the railroads' net earnings.

One hundred billion tons of freight and seven billion passengers had to be transported one mile by the railroads to earn the money to pay this tax bill. Taxes ate up the earning power of 54,000 miles of line; 372,000 employees; 13,300 locomotives; 521,000 freight cars and 12,000 passenger coaches.

Every hour of the day the railroads were compelled to drop \$47,945 into the hand of the Tax Collector—\$13.32 every time your watch ticked off one second.

Who really pays all this?

The railroads pay over the money but you really pay for it.

The railroads get their money in only one way—by transporting freight and passengers, and you, who use the railroad, pay that money. It is your money which goes into this enormous tax bill and so long as you permit these taxes to increase, just so long as you are going to pay more money to the tax collector by way of the railroad.

The remedy lies largely in the hands of the average citizen and tax payer himself.

Intelligent interest in the tax problem in every community will be necessary.

When somebody wants to raise railroad taxes in your community remember that you who use the railroad are going to pay the bill. The railroad has no money except what it gets by performing services for you.

J. J. BERNET,
President.



"WHO'S WHO" IS OFF THE PRESS

Many Unexpected Omissions in 29,704 People Listed.

New York, Aug. 28. (UP)—More than 3,400 Americans gained some measure of fame yesterday by being listed in the 1930-31 "Who's Who in America."

Fourteen of the group of 64 men selected by James W. Gerard as the "real rulers" of America are omitted from the list. In general, there appears to be a tendency to recognize literary, scientific, theological, and academic achievement more readily than leadership in business, industry, or sport, judging by the names listed and the space given them.

The most prominent man, if space in the volume is any criterion, is Dr. William E. Leakey, noted authority on Abraham Lincoln, with 108 lines to his credit. Next comes Nicholas Murray Butler, president of Columbia university, and Samuel Untermyer, noted New York lawyer.

Some concession is given the world of sports in the admission for the first time of the name of Robert Tyne Jones, of Atlanta, Ga., world's foremost golfer. Among others listed for the first time are John F. Curry, leader of Tammany Hall, and Charles H. Tuttle, U. S. attorney in New York.

Hollywood turnover is apparently too rapid to be recorded, for William S. Hart and Jackie Coogan are mentioned, while today's stars are left out. John Gilbert and King Vidor, however, are two screen personalities who "made good" this year.

Ramon Navarro, whose name adorned the last edition, was not mentioned in the latest volume, and another, to be omitted was Almeda Semple McPherson. The name of Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr., is left out this year, too.

The volume contains sketches of 29,704 persons. Death removed 1,497 names from the last edition and 1,102 were dropped. New names totaled 3,498.

DROUGHT AREAS NEEDING HELP

Feed Shortage Will be Felt Worse Later This Fall.

Washington, Aug. 28. (UP)—Federal and state authorities joined in attacking the problem of emergency financial relief for drought areas.

Representatives of various states gathered with Henry M. Robinson, banker member of President Hoover's national drought relief committee, and other representatives of federal agencies.

Secretary of Agriculture Hyde, chairman of the committee, said the immediate objective of the meeting was financing agricultural credit corporations which are being organized in the drought districts.

Hyde, who returned yesterday from a midwestern trip, said the grain shortage probably would be more acute than had been forecast, and relief would be needed most in the autumn.

"Establishment of agricultural credit corporations," Hyde said, "is the means of providing credit. In general, the community will provide the credit and the federal agency the funds."

"The credit corporations will lead money direct to the farmer and redress the need for intermediate credit banks."

That phase of the credit problem concerns farmers not affiliated with co-operatives. The Federal farm board is ready to advance funds to co-operative organizations, but cannot make its funds available otherwise.

The farm board announced yesterday it was assisting the American Cotton Co-operative Association to advance through state co-operatives approximately 90 per cent of the value of cotton planted by growers in seasonal pools.

Three types of relief will be made available to farmers not eligible for farm board funds. In each instance county groups operating under state committees will decide what the form of relief shall be.

The three types will take the form of credit, employment or charity. Farmers who are beyond reach of either of the first two will receive assistance through the Red Cross.

Farmers will be given preference in employment on roads and other public work projects, under the second type of relief.

Exonerate Man of Relative's Death

Pittsburgh, Pa., Aug. 28. (UP)—Horace Marshall, Montpelier, Ind., was exonerated of blame by a coroner's jury inquest into the automobile accident, August 17, in which George L. Soell, Pittsburgh, a brother-in-law of Marshall, was fatally injured.

The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

Marshall was driver of the motor car and Soell was a passenger, when the accident occurred. Marshall had been held under \$500 bond.

COUNTIES SHOW HEAVY LOSSES

Census Figures Indicate Rural People are Leaving Farms.

Washington, Aug. 28. (UP)—While the country as a whole was gaining 16.1 per cent in population from 1920 to 1930, the population in 42 per cent of the nation's 3,072 counties decreased final census figures revealed.

These figures showed more clearly than any others the concerted movement from farm to city. Most of the counties which lost population were in rural sections.

Of the 3,072 counties, 1,288 had less inhabitants this year. One, Stark County, Ill., remained exactly the same with a population of 9,933. Thirty-one others did not exist in 1920.

The increasing area in which population is declining rather than gaining is illustrated by comparison with former census figures. In 1920, population dropped in 1,082 counties, while in 1910, only 679 counties registered decreases.

The situation is more surprising in view of the fact only one state, Montana, showed a smaller population this year than in 1920. Several others would have lost in population however, if their cities had not overcome large losses in the rural areas.

In Missouri 83 of the 115 counties reported decreases, in Indiana 60 of the 92 counties lost in population, on the other hand, in the industrial states of Massachusetts, Connecticut, New Jersey and Delaware, all of the counties gained.

Aviators Await Goebel To Decide Non-Stop Derby

Curtis-Wright Airport, Chicago, Aug. 28. (UP)—Two aviators landed their powerful monoplanes only 13 seconds apart after racing more than half way across the continent, awaited today the arrival of Art Goebel to decide the winner of the men's Pacific non-stop air derby.

Goebel did not start with the other four entrants. He remained at Los Angeles intending to let the others set a mark for him to shoot at. The official winner of the race will not be known until he has flown the route.

Taking off from Los Angeles 30 minutes after Lee Schoenbar early Tuesday, Wiley Post of Oklahoma City, caught and passed the famous Akron flier nine hours later and straddled into the airport at 5:30:04, just 13 seconds ahead of his opponent.

Their finish was a remarkable one, as spectacular as any in the history of air derbies, and it provided a real thrill for the 35,000 persons attending fourth day activities of the tenth annual national air races.

BRUTAL MURDER OF YOUNG COUPLE

Prominent California People Killed on Beach Near Ensenada.

Ensenada, Lower Calif., Mexico, Aug. 28. (UP)—A motive for the brutal slaying of Francis Conlon, 24, Monrovia, Calif., business man, and his fiancée, Lois Marion Kentle, Los Angeles sorority girl, was sought by Mexican and American authorities today.

The bodies of the couple, stabbed to death by an unknown assailant, were found on the beach here yesterday. Near the spot were evidences of a camping ground that evidently had been hastily broken up, police said.

The bodies appeared to be no motive for the murders, the American consul at the Lower California resort told the girl's relatives. They apparently were strolling along the beach when their slayer crept up on them.

Mr. and Mrs. John De Wild of Vista, Calif., who started for Ensenada with the young couple, were located by the young authorities. They reported that they turned back below Tia Juana on Monday in the belief that Conlon and his fiancée also had returned.

Conlon and the girl were identified by papers found in Conlon's pockets and by a book half buried in the sand. The book was "The End of the Honey Moon."

Mrs. William Kentle, mother of the girl, said the young couple had planned to be married.

The post captain of Ensenada discovered their mutilated bodies, sprawled 20 feet from a tent they had pitched on the beach. Relatives said they knew of no enemies.

Conlon's aunt, Miss Mary Moran of Monrovia, who reared the young man since the death of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Conlon of Worcester, Mass., said the couple might have married secretly last Saturday.

Miss Kentle was president for two years of the national Phi Mu sorority chapter at the University of California at Los Angeles. She was prominent in alumni affairs.

A cable message has been sent round the world in the record-breaking time of five and one-half minutes.

State Officials Investigate Bank

Kendallville, Ind., Aug. 28. (UP)—State banking department accountants began audit of the books of the Farmers State bank, Albion, Tuesday after directors had closed the institution to protect its depositors.

The directors met after the death Monday of Abel Barnum, 40, cashier, who committed suicide.

K. M. Kunkle and S. E. Good, of the state banking department, were directing the inventory. Glade Ralihan, assistant cashier, said he was confident the bank was solvent.

The Farmers State bank was organized 25 years ago. Stock was said to be \$35,000 and resources \$400,000.

Coroner John Clark, Auburn, Tuesday was conducting an inquest in an effort to establish motive for suicide.

EUROPE IS HIT BY HEAT WAVE

Cool Weather is Followed by Intensely Hot Spell; Much Suffering.

London, Aug. 28. (UP)—A heat wave that hourly became more severe spread over the British Isles, parts of Europe and the African coast today with the breaking of the recent period of cold summer weather.

London experienced the hottest night ever recorded for the last week in August after a maximum temperature of 88 degrees yesterday.

Today the sun burned the city again, driving the mercury up to 84 in the shade this morning and promising to increase the temperature steadily throughout the afternoon.

Holiday-makers, convinced that the recent cold weather would continue, were caught at resorts with only heavy clothing and many were forced to curtail their vacations. Swimming pools were crowded as early as 6 a. m., particularly Lansburys Lido in Hyde park where many stenographers could be seen leaving for offices clad in frocks over their bathing costumes.

Army maneuvers in Surrey were suspended in mid-battle due to the intense heat.

The British tradition of never discarding vest, or even coat, was overthrown when the temperature rose to 83 degrees in the shade at 1 p. m.

Stockholders in shirt-sleeves, but still wearing their top hats, astonished the business section of the city just as the classical concert at Queen's hall last night was marked by the doffing of coats by patrons who had gathered to hear Tchaikovsky's fifth symphony.

Paris, Aug. 27. (UP)—Parts of Europe were suffering today under a heat wave similar to the recent period of high temperature in the United States.

The temperature in Paris was 95 degrees Fahrenheit after a long period of cold, rainy weather, and the thermometer rose above 102 in the Seine valley.

As a result of three-months rain, the French wheat crop was damaged and the harvest far below the needs of the people, but the present sunshine was expected to benefit greatly the sugar beet crop, which promised to be unusually fine.

Ben Guerir, Morocco, Aug. 27. (UP)—The sun-blasted village of Ben Guerir, said by desert tribesmen to be the hottest place in Africa, recorded a temperature of 131 degrees Fahrenheit at 11 a. m. today, setting a new summer record.

NOTICE OF RECEIVING BIDS:

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Public Works of the City of Muncie, Indiana will receive at its office on

the 9th day of September 1930 at 9:00 A. M. sealed bids for new boilers, changing steam mains, and general repairs on heating system at Fire Station No. 1, Muncie, Indiana.

Plans and specifications on file in the office of the Board of Public Works.

Parties submitting bids on this work must visit the site and acquaint themselves with the conditions.

Parties bidding must file affidavit of non-collusion as provided by law. Said board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the Board of Public Works.
Eunice Carpenter, Clerk.
Aug. 29, 1930. Sept. 5, 1930.

NOTICE OF ADOPTION OF DECLARATORY RESOLUTION

The department of Public Works, Office of the Board, to all whom it may concern:

Muncie, Indiana, August 29, 1930. Notice is hereby given by the Board of Public Works of the City of Muncie, Indiana, that on the 28th day of August, 1930, they unanimously adopted Declaratory Resolution Number 672, August 28th, 1930, for the widening and extension of East Twelfth Street, in said City of Muncie, Indiana, from the east line of Meeker Avenue to the west line of Burlington Drive.

The Board of Public Works of said City has fixed the 17th day of September, 1930, as the day upon which remonstrances may be filed or presented by persons interested in or affected by such proposed widening, extension of East Twelfth Street, as hereinabove described, and on said day, at 10 o'clock A. M., said Board will meet at its Office for the purpose of hearing and considering any remonstrances which may have been filed or presented, and for the purpose of making final action thereon, such action shall be final and conclusive upon all persons.

Board of Public Works of the City of Muncie, Indiana.
Eunice Carpenter, Clerk.
Aug. 29, and Sept. 5, 1930.

NOTICE OF PURCHASE OF MOTOR CYCLE

Notice is hereby given that at five o'clock, on the 8th day of September, 1930, the Board of Public Safety of the City of Muncie, Indiana, will receive bids for one light weight two cylinder motor cycle with standard equipment.

Said motor cycle to be subject to inspection and test at time of purchase, and the Board of Public Safety reserves the right to reject any and all bids received therefor.
Board of Public Safety.
By Joe Herdering, Secretary.
Aug. 22-29.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

Notice is hereby given, to the public and to all contractors, that the Board of Trustees of the Town of Yorktown, Indiana, invites sealed proposals for the construction, in the said town, according to the respective improvement resolution, below mentioned and according to the plans, profiles, drawings and specifications therefor, on file in the office of the Town Clerk of the public improvement herein below described, to-wit:

I. R. No. 2 for the year 1929, for the improvement of Broadway Street from High Street, North to the alley running East and West between High Street and Smith Street in the Town of Yorktown, Indiana, by constructing cement sidewalks on the East side thereof from Elm Street to West Street.

I. R. No. 3 for the year 1929, for the improvement of High Street from Elm Street to West Street in the Town of Yorktown, Indiana, by constructing cement curb and gutter on both sides thereof from Plum Street to West Street.

Each bidder is also to file with the Board an affidavit that there has been no collusion in any way affecting said bid, according to the terms of Section 95 of the Acts of March 6, 1905. (Acts 1905 page 219).

All such proposals should be sealed and must be deposited with the Board of Town Trustees before the hour of seven o'clock in the afternoon of Tuesday, the 23rd day of September, 1930 and each such proposal must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the Town of Yorktown to the sum equal to the two and one-half per cent (2½%) of the Town Engineer's estimate which shall be forfeited to said town as liquidated damages, if the bidder depositing the same shall fail duly and properly to execute the required contract and bond, in case a contract shall be awarded him on such accompanying proposal.

Said Board of Trustees reserve the right to reject any and all bids.
By Board of Town Trustees.
Gus Clark,
Can Cox,
John H. Vance.

(SEAL)
ATTEST:
HERSHELL WATKINS,
Town Clerk.
Dated August 21st, 1930.

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS

Department of Public Works
Office of the Board
City Hall
Muncie, Indiana

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS AND TO THE PUBLIC

Notice is hereby given, to the public and to all contractors, that the Board of Public Works of the City of Muncie, in the State of Indiana, invites sealed proposals for the construction, in said City, of Public Works of the City of Muncie, Indiana, that it is desired and deemed necessary to make the following described public improvements for the City of Muncie, Indiana, as authorized by the following numbered improvement resolutions, adopted by said Board, on the 22nd day of August, 1930, to-wit:

I. R. 571, 1930—Paving and curb and gutter in Locust Street, from Madison Street to the south line of Eleventh Street, along the east line of Madison Street, south to the intersection of the Park Drive & Memorial Drive.

Each bidder is also to file with the Board an affidavit that there has been no collusion in any way affecting said bid, according to the terms of Sec. 95, of the Acts of March 6th, 1905. (Acts 1905, p. 219).

All such proposals should be sealed, and must be deposited with said Board before the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of the 10th day of September, 1930, and each such proposal must be accompanied by a certified check payable to said City, for the sum equal to two and one-half per cent (2½%) of City Engineer's estimate which shall be forfeited to said City as liquidated damages, if the bidder depositing the same shall fail duly and promptly to execute the required contract and bond, in case a contract shall be awarded him on such accompanying proposal.

Said Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.
By order of the Board of Public Works.
Eunice Carpenter, Clerk.
Aug. 22-29, 1930.

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS

Department of Public Works
Office of the Board
City Hall
Muncie, Indiana

NOTICE TO PROPERTY OWNERS

In the matter of Certain Proposed Public Improvements in the City of Muncie, State of Indiana.
Notice is hereby given by the Board of Public Works of the City of Muncie, Indiana, that it is desired and deemed necessary to make the following described public improvements for the City of Muncie, Indiana, as authorized by the following numbered improvement resolutions, adopted by said Board, on the 22nd day of August, 1930, to-wit:

I. R. 571, 1930—Paving and curb and gutter in Locust Street, from Madison Street to the south line of Eleventh Street, along the east line of Madison Street, south to the intersection of the Park Drive & Memorial Drive.

Each bidder is also to file with the Board an affidavit that there has been no collusion in any way affecting said bid, according to the terms of Sec. 95, of the Acts of March 6th, 1905. (Acts 1905, p. 219).

All such proposals should be sealed, and must be deposited with said Board before the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of the 10th day of September, 1930, and each such proposal must be accompanied by a certified check payable to said City, for the sum equal to two and one-half per cent (2½%) of City Engineer's estimate which shall be forfeited to said City as liquidated damages, if the bidder depositing the same shall fail duly and promptly to execute the required contract and bond, in case a contract shall be awarded him on such accompanying proposal.

Said Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.
By order of the Board of Public Works.
Eunice Carpenter, Clerk.
Aug. 22-29, 1930.

Said Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.
By order of the Board of Public Works.
Eunice Carpenter, Clerk.
Aug. 22-29, 1930.

Said Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.
By order of the Board of Public Works.
Eunice Carpenter, Clerk.
Aug. 22-29, 1930.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS OF THE PROPOSED TAX LEVIES AND EXPENDITURES.

Estimate of expenditures and tax levy for the town of Yorktown, Indiana, for the year 1931.

Notice is hereby given to the tax payers of the Town of Yorktown, Delaware County, Indiana, that the Board of Trustees of said town will at its regular meeting to be held on the 2nd day of September, 1930, at 7:30 o'clock in the evening at the Town Hall in said town, consider the following estimate of expenditures and levy of taxes for the year 1931, to-wit:

GENERAL FUND
Proposed levy of 38 cents on each one hundred dollar valuation to be expended as follows:

Salary of trustees	\$ 300.00
Salary of clerk-treasurer	200.00
Salary of town attorney	200.00
Fire department	150.00
Heat, lights and fuel	180.55
Town marshal	1,300.00
Health department	150.00
Miscellaneous	17.11
Total proposed expenditures	\$2,497.66

STREET AND ALLEY FUND
Proposed expenditures and tax levy for street and alley purposes 20 cents on each one hundred dollar valuation to be used as follows:

Street lights and general street and alley repair and maintenance	\$1,314.56
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INDEBTEDNESS FUND
Proposed tax levy of 30 cents per one hundred dollar valuation to be expended as follows:

Street and alley indebtedness	\$2,117.77
Total proposed expenditures	5,929.99
Total proposed tax levy being 88 cents per one hundred dollars.	
Total tax valuation of said town	\$657,280.00

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF TAXES COLLECTED AND TO BE COLLECTED

	Collected 1927	Collected 1928	Collected 1929	Collected 1930
General Fund	\$2,652.60	\$2,652.60	\$2,482.53	\$2,487.11
Street and alley fund	1,793.68	1,093.68	1,073.42	1,168.63
Indebtedness fund			1,543.19	1,623.10

Taxpayers appearing shall have a right to be heard thereon; after the levies have been determined ten or more taxpayers feeling themselves aggrieved by such levies may appeal to the State Board of Tax Commissioners for further and final action thereon, by filing a petition therewith with the County Auditor not later than the fourth Monday of September, and the State Board will fix a date of hearing in this county.

Made and approved by the Town Board this 19th day of August, 1930.
Dan Cox,
John Vance,
George Donovan,
Board of trustees of the town of Yorktown, Indiana.

Attest: Hershell Watkins,
Clerk-treasurer of the town of Yorktown, Indiana.

TOWN FORM

Notice to taxpayers of Tax Levies.
In the matter of determining the Tax Rates for certain purposes by the Civil Town of Eaton, Delaware County, Ind., before the Board of Trustees.

Notice is hereby given the Taxpayers of Eaton, Delaware County, Ind. that the proper legal officers of said municipality, at their regular meeting place, on the 26th day of August, 1930, will consider the following budget:

	General Fund	ways	
Salaries of Trustees	300.00	Material and supplies for Streets	325.00
Salaries of Clerk-Treasurer	240.00	General Fund Total	338.44
Legal	100.00		
Police	100.00	Electric Light Fund	
Repair on Building	50.00	Street Lights and Town Bldg	1741.44
Office expense & supplies	100.00	Total	1741.44
Salary Health Off., supplies	60.00	Water Fund	
Salary of Marshal	1200.00	Int. and Ret. Stock	3880.00
Compensation of Fireman	300.00	Salary, Clerk, Treasurer	120.00
Supplies and Repair Fire Dept.	200.00	Power	600.00
Labor on streets & high-ways		Labor	150.00
		Supplies and materials	150.00
		Water Fund Total	4900.00

Estimate of Funds to be Raised.
General Electric Light Water
Total expense \$3,313.44 \$1,741.44 \$4,900.00
Miscellaneous revenue 500.00 2,200.00
Amount raised by tax 3,313.44 1,749.89 2,606.08

Taxable property \$744,595.00
Levy on Property \$.445 \$3,313.44
General fund \$.235 1,749.89
Electric Light fund .35 2,606.08
Water fund .005 2,606.08

Comparative Statement of Taxes Collected and to be Collected.
Collected Collected Collected To be Collected
Funds 1927 1928 1929 1930

General	\$4,860.37	\$4,675.00	\$3,939.68	\$3,313.44
Electric Light	1,753.73	1,750.00	1,760.28	1,749.89
Water	3,449.75	3,200.00	2,935.80	2,606.08

Taxpayers appearing shall have a right to be heard thereon. After the tax levies have been determined, ten or more taxpayers feeling themselves aggrieved by such levies may appeal to the State Board of tax commissioners for further and final action thereon by filing a petition therewith with the county auditor not later than the fourth Monday of September, and the state board will fix a date of hearing in this county.

Dated the 14th day of August, 1930.
Attest: JAS. E. COLLINS,
Clerk Pro. Tem.

W. H. YOUNTS,
Pres. Board of Trustees.

of Eleventh Street, along the east line of Madison Street, south to the intersection of the Park Drive & Memorial Drive.

Each bidder is also to file with the Board an affidavit that there has been no collusion in any way affecting said bid, according to the terms of Sec. 95, of the Acts of March 6th, 1905. (Acts 1905, p. 219).

All such proposals should be sealed, and must be deposited with said Board before the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of the 10th day of September, 1930, and each such proposal must be accompanied by a certified check payable to said City, for the sum equal to two and one-half per cent (2½%) of City Engineer's estimate which shall be forfeited to said City as liquidated damages, if the bidder depositing the same shall fail duly and promptly to execute the required contract and bond, in case a contract shall be awarded him on such accompanying proposal.

Said Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.
By order of the Board of Public Works.
Eunice Carpenter, Clerk.
Aug. 22-29, 1930.

Said Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.
By order of the Board of Public Works.
Eunice Carpenter, Clerk.
Aug. 22-29, 1930.

LEGAL NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Board of Commissioners of the County of Delaware, Indiana will be held at the office of the Board of Commissioners of the County of Delaware in the Court House at Muncie, Indiana on Tuesday, September 2, 1930 at 10 o'clock A. M. at which meeting the following ordinance will be presented to said Board of Commissioners:

AN ORDINANCE Granting to CENTRAL INDIANA GAS COMPANY, an Indiana corporation, the right and franchise, to use and occupy the streets, avenues, roads, bridges, alleys, lanes, parks and other public places and ways of the Village of Daleville, Salem Township, Delaware County, Indiana, for constructing, maintaining, renewing and (or) operating the gas works and (or) gas distribution system and other necessary means for transmitting,

distributing and (or) selling gas within and (or) through said Village of Daleville, Salem Township, Delaware County, Indiana. BE IT ORDAINED BY THE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS OF THE COUNTY OF DELAWARE, STATE OF INDIANA: Section 1. That whenever the word "Grantee" appears in this Ordinance, it is intended to designate and shall be held to mean CENTRAL INDIANA GAS COMPANY, its successors and assigns. SECTION 2. The right, permission and authority is hereby granted to the Grantee to lay, construct, extend, maintain, renew, replace and (or) repair gas pipes and gas mains under, along, across and (or) through any of the streets, avenues, roads, bridges, alleys, lanes, parks and other public places and (or) ways in said Village of Daleville and to use and occupy the said streets, avenues, roads, bridges, alleys, lanes, parks

and other public places and (or) ways for the purpose of therein laying, constructing, extending, maintaining, renewing, replacing and (or) repairing mains and pipes and all appurtenances and appendages thereto used and (or) useful for the manufacture, transmission, distribution and (or) sale of gas within and (or) through the present or future territorial limits of the Village of Daleville in Salem Township, Delaware County, Indiana, such right to continue for fifty (50) years after the effective date of this Ordinance. SECTION 3. The Grantee shall be entitled to charge for gas furnished by it, such rates as are or may be legally fixed and declared to be just and reasonable by the duly constituted Governmental authority having lawful jurisdiction thereof. During such time as there shall be no other duly constituted Governmental authority lawfully exercising such jurisdiction. The

Board of Commissioners of the County of Delaware, shall have the jurisdiction and right to prescribe and fix by ordinance, maximum rates for furnishing such gas service, sufficient to yield a reasonable return upon the fair value of the property of the Grantee used and useful in rendering such service. SECTION 4. Subject to the laws of the State of Indiana, all rights herein granted and (or) authorized, shall be subject to and governed only by this Ordinance; provided, however, that the Board of Commissioners of the County of Delaware expressly reserves unto itself all of its police power necessary to protect the safety and welfare of the general public in relation to the rights hereby granted, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Ordinance; and provided, further, that the conditions and obligations assumed by and imposed upon said Grantee as

herein contained, shall be accepted by said The Board of Commissioners of the County of Delaware as and for full consideration and license fees for rights, privileges and franchise hereby granted. SECTION 5. The Grantee upon making an opening upon any of the streets, alleys and public ways of said Village of Daleville for the purpose of laying, repairing or maintaining gas pipes and appurtenances thereto, shall use due care and caution to prevent injury to persons and property and shall replace and restore all public ways to their former condition as nearly as practicable and within a reasonable time, and shall not unnecessarily obstruct or impede traffic upon the streets, avenues and pub-

lic ways of said Village of Daleville. SECTION 6. The Grantee shall save and keep harmless the County of Delaware from any and all liability by reason of damage or injury to any person or persons whatsoever, on account of the negligence of the Grantee in the installation and maintenance of its mains and pipe lines along said streets, alleys and public ways; provided, the Grantee shall have been notified in writing of any claim against the County of Delaware an account thereof, and shall have been given ample opportunity to defend the same. SECTION 7. This Ordinance shall be in full force and effect

from and after its publication, passage, adoption and approval according to law; provided, however, that before the said Grantee shall exercise any rights granted hereby, it shall file its acceptance in writing with the Auditor of the County of Delaware and such acceptance shall be filed with said Auditor within sixty (60) days from and after the passage and adoption of this Ordinance. Notice is further given that at said time and place a public hearing will be held at which any taxpayer or citizen of said county may appear and file his or her protest against any or all of the provisions of said franchise. CENTRAL INDIANA GAS CO.

ANNUAL PUBLISHED REPORT OF SECRETARY OF SCHOOL BOARD FOR SCHOOL YEAR 1929-1930

Submitted August 1, 1930.	Receipts	Tax time Warrants.	Total Receipts
Amount on hand August 1, 1929.	\$333,289.74	\$20,000.00	\$353,289.74
Special school fund	425,842.61		425,842.61
Bond or sinking fund	114,649.24		114,649.24
Vocational fund	22,596.49	5,000.00	27,596.49
Total resources for fiscal year beginning Aug. 1, 1929, and closing July 31, 1930.	\$898,378.08	\$102,300.00	\$998,678.80
DISBURSEMENTS:			
Special School Fund	\$313,230.08		\$313,230.08
Tuition Fund	425,005.56	70,500.00	495,505.56
Bond or Sinking Fund	94,625.50		94,625.50
Vocational Fund	20,529.37	5,000.00	25,529.37
Total disbursements for fiscal year beginning Aug. 1, 1929, and closing July 31, 1930.	\$853,391.51	\$102,300.00	\$955,691.51
RESOURCES:			
Amount on hand August 1, 1929.	\$48,255.83		\$48,255.83
County Treasurer:			
December Drawal	\$101,672.10		\$101,672.10
June Drawal	143,467.21	245,139.31	388,606.52
Sales:			
School Properties	\$1,746.00		\$1,746.00
Whittier School Building	34,000.00		34,000.00
Supplies	129.84	35,875.84	36,005.68
Miscellaneous	\$2,764.92		\$2,764.92
Machine collections (toilet)	43.15		43.15
Laboratory Bookkeeping	84.92		84.92
Manual Arts Department	964.37		964.37
Refunds	181.30	4,013.66	4,194.96
Total	\$33,289.74		\$33,289.74
Tax time warrant	20,000.00		20,000.00
Total resources from Aug. 1, 1929, to July 31, 1930.	\$353,389.74		\$353,389.74
Disbursements	313,230.08		313,230.08
Tax time Warrant	20,000.00		20,000.00
Total disbursements for fiscal year from Aug. 1, 1929 to July 31, 1930	\$333,230.08		\$333,230.08
Amount on hand July 31, 1930	20,059.66		20,059.66

SPECIAL SCHOOL FUND

Administration:			
Board of School Trustees	\$1,745.26		\$1,745.26
Superintendent's office	6,996.64		6,996.64
Finance and accounting office	5,537.15		5,537.15
Business office	6,719.79		6,719.79
Building and Grounds	2,990.25		2,990.25
School attendance and census	743.45		743.45
Research department	5,909.00		5,909.00
Instruction: (Supplies and other expenses)			
Kindergarten	560.89		560.89
Elementary	11,561.43		11,561.43
Junior High Schools	3,648.79		3,648.79
Central High Schools	40,178.00		40,178.00
Instruction—Supervision: (Salaries, supplies and other expenses)			
Kindergarten	2,922.68		2,922.68
Elementary	28,132.62		28,132.62
Junior High Schools	14,234.23		14,234.23
Central High Schools	9,297.34		9,297.34
Operation			
Elementary	43,499.00		43,499.00
Junior High School	10,132.28		10,132.28
Central High School	25,627.60		25,627.60
Maintenance:			
Elementary	15,066.95		15,066.95
Junior High School	2,958.44		2,958.44
Central High School	5,893.33		5,893.33
Fixed Charges:			
Elementary	5,274.65		5,274.65
Junior High School	8,307.43		8,307.43
Central High School	18,339.93		18,339.93
Co-ordinate and Auxiliary Activities:			
Elementary	4,543.36		4,543.36
Junior High School	1,554.76		1,554.76
Central High School	2,415.34		2,415.34
Debt Service:			
Elementary	19,685.93		19,685.93
Junior High School	3,014.07		3,014.07
Central High School	2,720.00		2,720.00
Capital Outlay:			
Elementary	12,789.94		12,789.94
Junior High School	2,558.41		2,558.41
Central High School	10,447.73		10,447.73
Alterations:			
Elementary	8,106.43		8,106.43
Junior High School	804.92		804.92
Central High School	4,058.53		4,058.53
Total	\$313,230.08		\$313,230.08
Payment of Tax Time Warrant	20,000.00		20,000.00
Total disbursements from August 1, 1929 to July 31, 1930	\$333,230.08		\$333,230.08

TUITION FUND

RESOURCES:			
Amount on hand August 1, 1929.	\$51,004.89		\$51,004.89
COUNTY TREASURER:			
Dec. drawal, local	\$144,080.19		\$144,080.19
State:			
Common school	\$18,952.79		\$18,952.79
Cong. Sch. Int.	55.20	18,889.49	197,732.98
June Drawal, local	\$178,842.49		\$178,842.49
State:			
Common school	18,924.29		18,924.29
Cong. Sch. Int.	55.20	18,889.49	197,732.98
June Drawal, local	18,924.29		18,924.29
Interest—depositors	914.19		914.19
Tuition:			
Miscellaneous	724.05		724.05
Twp. foreign	229.73		229.73
Twp. local	9,416.95		9,416.95
State aid, vocational fund	1,515.97		1,515.97
Total	\$435,843.61		\$435,843.61
Tax time warrants	70,500.00		70,500.00
Total resources for fiscal year from Aug. 1, 1929 to July 31, 1930	\$496,343.61		\$496,343.61
DISBURSEMENTS:			
Salaries	\$425,005.56		\$425,005.56
Disbursements	70,500.00		70,500.00
Total disbursements for fiscal year from Aug. 1, 1929 to July 31, 1930	\$495,505.56		\$495,505.56
Balance on hand July 31, 1930	\$337.05		\$337.05

BOND OR SINKING FUND

RESOURCES:			
Amount on hand Aug. 1, 1929.	\$5,314.07		\$5,314.07
COUNTY TREASURER:			
December Drawal	\$41,693.13		\$41,693.13
June Drawal	67,642.04	\$109,335.17	\$176,977.21
Total	\$114,649.24		\$114,649.24
Tax Time Warrants	6,800.00		6,800.00
Total resources from Aug. 1, 1929 to July 31, 1930	\$121,449.24		\$121,449.24
DISBURSEMENTS:			
Salaries	\$94,625.50		\$94,625.50
Payment of Tax Time Warrants	6,800.00		6,800.00
Total disbursements for fiscal year from Aug. 1, 1929 to July 31, 1930	\$101,425.50		\$101,425.50
Balance on hand July 31, 1930	\$19,996.74		\$19,996.74

DEPOSITARY BALANCES

RESOURCES:			
Amount on hand Aug. 1, 1929.	\$6,398.82		\$6,398.82
COUNTY TREASURER:			
December Drawal	\$5,975.61		\$5,975.61
June Drawal	10,101.31	\$16,106.65	\$26,207.96
Miscellaneous receipts	96.02		96.02
Tax Time Warrants	\$22,596.49		\$22,596.49
Total	\$44,072.25		\$44,072.25
DISBURSEMENTS:			
Salaries	\$15,026.68		\$15,026.68
Supplies and other supplies	1,839.36		1,839.36
Night Schools:			
Salaries	\$3,176.00		\$3,176.00
Supplies, etc.	427.35		427.35
Total	\$20,469.39		\$20,469.39
Tax Time Warrants	5,000.00		5,000.00
Total disbursements for fiscal year from Aug. 1, 1929 to July 31, 1930	\$25,529.37		\$25,529.37
Balance on hand July 31, 1930	\$2,067.12		\$2,067.12

DEPOSITARY BALANCES: Special and Vocational Funds. Delaware County Nat'l Bank \$2,212.05. Merchants Trust & Savings Co. 15,294.19. Total \$17,506.24. Special School Fund \$20,659.66. Tuition Fund \$37,065.20. Bonding Fund \$19,996.74. Vocational Fund \$2,067.12. Total \$79,724.76. All vouchers and claims for all payments are the possession of the Board in the office of the Auditor, and subject of Public Inspection. TRUSTEES SCHOOL CITY OF MUNCIE, INDIANA. William F. White, President. Edward Tubey, Secretary. J. Lloyd Kimbrough, Treasurer. (Compiled by Auditor of Schools).

Township Form NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS OF TAX LEVIES

In the matter of determining the Tax Rates for certain purposes by Hamilton Township, Delaware County, Indiana. Before the Township Advisory Board. Notice is hereby given the taxpayers of Hamilton Township, Delaware County, Indiana, that the proper legal officers of said municipality at their regular meeting place, on the second day of Sept. 1930, will consider the following budget:

BUDGET CLASSIFICATION FOR TOWNSHIPS.

Township Fund	Poor Fund	Ground	600.00
Salary of Trustee	\$720.00	Repair of Equipment	500.00
Office Rent	90.00	School Furn. and Equip.	500.00
Trustee's Expense		School Supplies	300.00
a. Traveling	150.00	Janitor Supplies	300.00
b. Office	75.00	Fuel for Schools	300.00
Records and Adv.	400.00	Insurance	500.00
Public Ditches	300.00	School Transfers	200.00
Pay of Adv. Board	15.00	Telephone	50.00
Trustees Board	125.00	Teachers' Institute	100.00
Exam. Records	45.00	Janitor Service	1200.00
Miscellaneous:		Transp. of Children	8450.00
1. Legal Services	50.00	Light and Power	400.00
2. Cemeteries	50.00	Miscellaneous	300.00
3. Miscellaneous	25.00	Total Special School	14200.00
Total Twp. Fund	2045.00	Repair of Building and	

Complete detail of budget estimates may be seen in office of Township Trustee.

ESTIMATE OF FUNDS TO BE RAISED.

Township	Road	Tuition	Sp. Sch.	Library	Poor
Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund
\$2,045	\$1,025	\$18,000	\$14,200	\$300	\$300
1. Total budget estimate for incoming year					
2. Deduct misc. revenue incoming year (estimated on former year misc. rev.)					
3. Subtract line 2 from line 1	2,045	1,025	5,000	1,500	300
4. Unexpended appropriations July 31 of present yr.	550	1,700	13,000	12,700	300
5. All additional appropriations between July 31 and Dec. 31					
6. Total (of lines 3, 4, 5 and 6)	2,705	1,500	23,300	19,450	475
7. Actual balance July 31st of present year	975	3,845	15,400	9,655	175
8. Tax to be collected present year (Dec. settlement)	900	900	5,000	5,500	175
9. Total (of lines 8, 9 and 10)	1,875	4,745	20,400	15,155	350
10. Subtract line 11 from line 7	830	440	1,900	4,295	125
11. Est. working bal. for 6 months after close of next year (not greater than 1-2 of line 3)	510	440	6,500	7,100	175
12. Amt. to be raised by tax levy (all lines 12 and 13)	1,340	840	11,395	300	

PROPOSED LEVIES

Net taxable property	Number of Taxable Polls	Levy on Polls	Levy on Prp'ty	Amt. to be raised
\$3,340,015	190			
Funds:				
Township		\$.25	.25	\$340
Tuition		.75	.34	11355
Special school			.01	300
Library			.01	300
Poor				
Total				\$12,735

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF TAXES COLLECTED AND TO BE COLLECTED.

Funds	Collected 1927 Levy	Collected 1928 Levy	Collected 1929 Levy	To be Collected 1930 Levy
Township	\$1,756	\$1,710	\$1,715	\$1,340
Road	5,837	7,962	1,715	
Tuition	18,873	10,277	10,786	8,400
Special School	12,150	11,250	11,312	11,325
Library			345	300
Poor			345	300
Total	\$38,616	\$31,299	\$26,248	\$21,735

Taxpayers appearing shall have a right to be heard thereon. After the Tax levies have been determined, ten or more taxpayers feeling themselves aggrieved by such levies, may appeal to the State Board of Tax Commissioners for further and final action thereon, by filing a petition therefor with the County Auditor not later than the fourth Monday of September, and the State Board will fix a date of hearing in this county. Dated August 20, 1930. David A. Lambert, Trustee Hamilton Twp.

Township Form NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS OF TAX LEVIES

In the matter of determining the Tax Rates for certain purposes by Perry Township, Delaware County, Indiana. Before the Township Advisory Board. Notice is hereby given the taxpayers of Perry Township, Delaware County, Indiana, that the proper legal officers of said municipality at their regular meeting place, on the second day of Sept. 1930, will consider the following budget:

BUDGET CLASSIFICATION FOR TOWNSHIPS.

Township Fund	Poor Fund	Ground	500.00
Salary of Trustee	\$720.00	School Supplies	100.00
Trustee's Expense	150.00	Janitor Service	100.00
a. Telephone	50.00	Fuel for Schools	800.00
Records and Adv.	250.00	Loans, Int. and Insur.	500.00
Public Ditches	150.00	Janitor Service	700.00
Pay of Adv. Board	15.00	Transp. of Children	4800.00
Exam. Records	25.00	Light and Power	500.00
Miscellaneous:		Miscellaneous	500.00
1. Legal Services	200.00	Repair of Equipment	500.00
2. Miscellaneous	50.00	School Furn. and Equip.	500.00
Total	10495.00	Total Special School	10495.00

Complete detail of budget estimates may be seen in office of Township Trustee.

ESTIMATE OF FUNDS TO BE RAISED.

ESTIMATE OF FUNDS TO BE RAISED.				
	Township	Tuition	Sp. School	Library
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund
1. Total budget estimate for incoming year	\$ 1,610	\$10,555	\$10,495	\$375
2. Deduct misc. revenue incoming year (estimated on former year misc. rev.)				
3. Subtract line 2 from line 1	1,610	2,555		
4. Unexpected appropriations July 31 of present yr.	715	8,000	10,495	375
7. Total (of lines 3, 4, 5 and 6)	2,325	5,750	4,100	225
8. Actual balance July 31 of present year	495	13,750	14,595	600
9. Tax to be collected present year, Dec. settlement	700	6,975	8,000	493
10. Misc. Rev. to be collected present year (1/3 of line 2)		3,700	7,004	107
11. Total (of lines 8, 9 and 10)	1,130	2,975	105	
12. Subtract line 11 from line 7	1,195	10,775	15,000	100
13. Est. working bal. for 6 months after close of next year (not greater than 1-2 of line 3)	1,630	8,000	5,595	
14. Amt. to be raised by tax levy, add lines 12 and 13	500	5,025	6,000	

